

京天成生物技术（北京）有限公司

AbMax Biotechnology Co., LTD

99Kechuang 14th Street, Building 18,

2-201B, BDA, Beijing, China. 101111

Tel: 86-10-59755729, Fax: 86-10-59755718

E-mail: info@antibodychina.com

Website: www.antibodychina.com

## MMAE-Antibody-Drug Conjugate (ADC) Quantitation Kit (ELISA)

### 【Generic Name】

MMAE- Antibody-Drug Conjugate (ADC) Quantitation Kit (ELISA)

Cat#: 17-0086

### 【Intended Use】

To detect the contents of MMAE-ADC in the samples.

### 【Principle】

This product adopts the principle of Double Antibody Sandwich Method (Sandwich Elisa). The flat-bottom 96-well plates are coated with anti-MMAE antibody. After adding the samples, the HRP-conjugated Goat Anti-Human IgG Fc is used for the detection. The content of the MMAE-ADC in the samples can be detected by the degree of TMB color development.

### 【Materials and Reagents】

1. Coated plate, 12 wells × 8 strips, (Cat:17-0086a)
2. GAH Fc enzyme conjugate, 120  $\mu$  L × 1 tube, (Cat:17-0086b)
3. 20× Washing Buffer, 50mL × 1 vial, (Cat:SI00190)
4. Sample dilution buffer, 30mL × 1 vial
5. Enzyme dilution buffer, 12mL × 1 vial
6. BSA, 3g × 1 pack (Cat:SI00277)
7. Substrate Solution A, 7mL × 1 vial, (Cat: SI00192)
8. Substrate Solution B, 7mL × 1 vial, (Cat: SI00193)
9. Termination Solution, 7mL × 1 vial, (Cat: SI00194)
10. Sealing plate film, 2 pieces
11. Instruction book

### 【Storage】

1. All components remain stable under the condition of 2-8°C;
2. Avoid light. Valid for six months.

### 【Necessary reagents which not prepared】

1. Standards: MMAE-ADC. Dilute by sample dilution buffer. The suggested dilution gradient is 6.25 ng/mL, 12.5 ng/mL, 25 ng/mL, 50 ng/mL, 100 ng/mL, 200 ng/mL, 400 ng/ mL, 800ng/ mL, and 1600ng/mL.
2. Human serum for standard solution.

### **【Protocol for Detection】**

1. Equilibration  
Equilibrate the required reagents at room temperature (18~25°C) for 30 minutes.
2. Dosing solution: Please configure the reagents before use.
  - 2.1 1× washing buffer: Take 1 vial of 20× washing buffer, dilute it to 1000ml with deionized water, mix well.
  - 2.2 Sample diluting: Dissolve BSA (3g/pack) completely into 100ml of the prepared 1× washing buffer (step 2.1), mix well. Dilute the sample 500 times by the sample dilution buffer, mix well.
  - 2.3 Enzyme conjugate solution: use the solution prepared in step 2.2.
  - 2.4 Enzyme solution: Dilute the enzyme conjugate 100 times by the enzyme dilution buffer, mix well.
  - 2.5 Standard dilution buffer: Dilute human serum by sample dilution buffer (the proportion of human serum in the mixture should be 0.2%).
  - 2.6 Standards: Dilute the MMAE-ADC by the standards dilution buffer (prepared in step 2.4) by grads' multiple. The gradients are 6.25 ng/mL, 12.5 ng/mL, 25 ng/mL, 50 ng/mL, 100 ng/mL, 200 ng/mL, 400 ng/ mL, 800ng/ mL, and 1600ng/mL.  
If the sample concentrations are too high, the dilution ratio could be increased. Meanwhile, the human serum added in the sample dilution buffer also need to be added by folds.
3. Adding standards  
After removing the coated plate from the sealed bag, add 100µl of diluted sample to each well. Meanwhile, the negative control (sample dilution buffer and the negative serum) should also be set.
4. Incubation: Seal the plate with sealing film and place it in a shaking incubator (37°C, 200 rpm) for 90 minutes.
5. Washing  
Discard the liquid in each well, fill the microwells (350µl/well) with 1× washing buffer, and discard the liquid in the wells after 30 seconds. Repeat these steps for 3 times, then pat the plate on the paper towel after the last wash.
6. Adding enzyme solution  
Adding 100µl enzyme solution to the microplate (100µl per well). Seal the plate with sealing film. Place the plate in a shaking incubator (37°C, 200 rpm) and incubate for 60 minutes.
7. Washing  
Discard the liquid in each well, fill the microwells (350µl/well) with 1× washing buffer, and discard the liquid in the wells after 30 seconds. Repeat these steps for 5 times, then pat the plate on the paper towel after the last wash.
8. Coloring  
Add 50µl each of Substrate Coloring Solution A and B into each well. Mix well with gentle tapping. Then incubate the plate at room temperature for 3~10 minutes in the dark.
9. Termination  
Terminate the reaction by adding 50µl of 0.2M H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> into each well and mix gently. Set the main wavelength of the microplate reader at 450nm and the reference wavelength at 630nm. Measure the absorbance (OD value) of each well.

## 【Data Analysis】

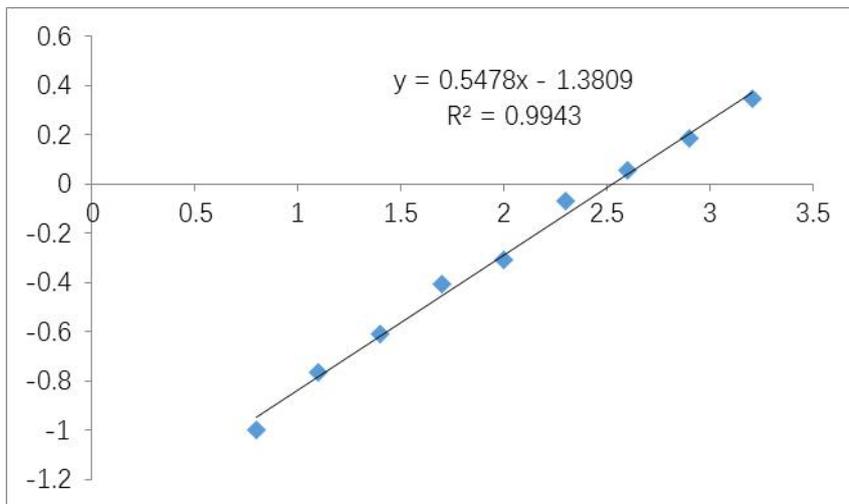
### 1. Quantitative result determination

Cutoff value= $N+2*SD$ . (N means the average OD value, calculated as 0.05 when smaller than 0.05. SD means the standard deviation of the negative serum)

When the OD value is smaller than the cutoff value, the result is negative. Otherwise, the result is positive.

### 2. Calculation

It is recommended to adopt the fitting method of double logarithm for model fitting and calculation.



## 【Product Performance Index】

1. Sensitivity:  $\leq 6.25\text{ng/ml}$
2. Linear range:  $6.25\sim 1600\text{ng/ml}$
3. Accuracy:  $CV\% \leq 15\%$  (n=10)

## 【Limitations】

1. This kit is only used to detect the content of MMAE-ADC in blood samples.
2. Results out of the measurement range of the kit are unreliable.
3. Severe hemolysis, chyle, and bilirubin samples may cause abnormal test results.

## 【Caution】

1. Avoid cross contamination.
2. Follow reader measure as a standard.
3. All samples and buffers should be added or removed with pipette.
4. Do not mix reagents from different batches.